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#38231

■ SECTION 01 IDENTIFICATION MSDS NO. 314 DATE: January, 1994

M.I. StripPac® Floor Finish Remover No. 314\_ TRADE NAME:

NOTE: CAS Registry numbers are not applicable to formulated products

#### ■ SECTION 02 PHYSICAL & HEALTH HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Material as defined by 29 CFR 1910.1200 Reportable under CERCLA or SARA TITLE III Sec. 304 Regulations.

Common Name:

ethanolamine, MEA, monoethanolamine

CAS Registry No.:

141-43-5

Chelical name:

monoethanolamine, 2-aminoethanol

Hazard % in formula:

in concentrate: 56.6%

in working/use solution: 0.69%

Hazard Reference:

3 ppm ACGIH 85/86 Ref. (1) Sec. IX LD<sub>50</sub> rats 10.2g/Kg J.IND.HYG.TOXICOL 23, 251 (1941)

Common Name:

CAS Registry No.:

34590-94-8

Chemical Name:

dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether

Hazard % in formula: Hazard reference:

in concentrate: 13.4%

100 ppm OSHA PEL

Common name:

ethyl alcohol, alcohol

CAS Registry No.:

64-17-5

Chemical Name:

ethanol

Hazard % in formula: Hazard reference:

in concentrate: 1.62% - 2.16%

in working/use solution: 0.021% - 0:027%

in working/use solution: 0.164%

PEL:TWA 1000ppm

■ SECTION 02A OTHER INGREDIENTS NOT CONSIDERED HAZARDOUS IN FORMULATION

ammonium salt of sulfated nonylphenoxy poly(ethyleneoxy)ethanol

CAS 9051-57-4 CAS 68603-42-9

vegetable oil alkanolamide triethanolamine

TLV:TWA 1000ppm.

CAS 102-71-6

propylene glycol monomethyl ether

CAS 107-98-2

■ SECTION 03 PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Boiling Point:** 

197-201 deg. F. (initial)

Vapor pressure:

16mm Hg

Vapor density (Air=1):

Not determined.

Water solubility:

Complete.

Melting/Freezing point:

< 0 deg. F.

Appearance:

Light straw colored liquid, slightly more viscous than water.

Specific Grav. (water=1):

1.001

Percentage volatiles in concentrate:

Approx. 20% due to solvent.

Evaporation rate:

Much slower than 1 (n-butyl acetate = 1)

pH:

in concentrate: 11.9 ± .2; in working/use solution: 10.4 ± .3 Strongly ammoniacal odor in concentrate. Ammoniacal odor in dilution.

SECTION 04 PHYSICAL HAZARD DATA

Flash point:

Odor:

210 deg. F. Closed cup.

Flammable limits:

Not determined.

Fire fighting media:

Water spray, CO2, alcohol foam, dry chemical; - Treat primary cause of fire.

Special fire fighting procedures:

If quantities of material are stored near fire, self contained breathing device should be used.

Fire/Explosion Hazards: No special hazards known to exist.

■ SECTION 05 REACTIVITY DATA

Stability:

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid:

Long exposure to materials containing copper, aluminum and strong oxidizing agents may cause discoloration.

Incompatible Materials: azardous Decomposition products: Strong oxidizing or reducing agents. If heated to decomposition, CO, CO2, NOx and ammonia may be produced.

■ SECTION 06 HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Oral Toxicity:

Not determined for formulation.

Skin Toxicity:

Not known for formulation; Rabbit Skin LD<sub>50</sub> 1.0g/Kg for MEA in formulation.

Carcinogenicity:

None of the individual materials in this formulation are listed as carcinogens in NTP, IARC

Monographs, or are OSHA Regulated carcinogens.

# SECTION 07 SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Symptoms of Ingestion: Ingestion of concentrate may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain, incoordination, diarrhea and general

weakness. Ingestion of significant quantities may cause red blood cell hemolysis and possible liver and kidney

If misted in concentrated form, which is improper use, can cause irritation of mucous membrane, nose, eye Symptoms of Inhalation:

and throat.

Symptoms of Skin Contact: May cause dermatitis or irritation in some individuals upon prolinged contact. Localized skin defatting can

be expected from any detergent on long contact.

Causes painful stinging or burning of eyes and lids, watering of eye, conjunctivitis, and in concentrated Symptoms of Eye Contact:

undiluted form, lengthy exposure may cause opaqueness of comea, possibly leading to loss of sight.

### ■ SECTION 08 EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Do not induce vomiting. Immediately give two glasses of water or milk to dilute. NEVER give anything to an For Ingestion of Concentrate:

unconscious person. Call a physician. Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. There is no specific antidote. Main hazard is due to irritant properties of

amines. Bronchodilators, expectorants and antitussives may be of help.

For Ingestion of Use Solution:

Give two glasses water to dilute. Call physician. Severe consequences should not be expected.

For Skin:

For Eyes:

As for all foreign materials, wash off concentrate or diluted use solution with water. Remove clothing which has

been saturated by concentrate. Do not allow prolonged contact with the concentrated undiluted material as

toxic amounts can be absorbed.

PROMPTLY flush with large amounts of water occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Call a physician if

irritation persists.

Medical conditions

aggravated by exposure: No data found.

## ■ SECTION 09 OCCUPATIONAL CONTROL PROCEDURES

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Working solution should not present any specific hazard. If misted or aerosol

generated, use local or mechanical ventilation to maintain vapor concentration below TLV.

Respiratory Protection:

Not required under normal working/use conditions.

Eye Protection: Skin Protection:

Not normally required. Use if in specific applications splashes or mists will get into eyes. Use gloves if hands will be continuously in solution. Not normally necessary in general use.

Personal Hygiene:

As in handling any detergent, wash thoroughly after using.

## ■ SECTION 10 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING STORAGE AND USE

Precautionary Measures: Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged contact of concentrate with skin. Avoid breathing misted vapors. Use

with adequate ventilation. Do not store at elevated temperatures.

Concentrated materials only come in unit dosed bags limiting any spills to very small quantities. Paper toweling Spills Clean-up Procedures:

or mopping is usually sufficient.

Disposal Method: Normal waste disposal of empty bags in accordance with state and local regulations.

# ■ GENERAL NOTE ABOUT PORTION PAC PRODUCTS

PortionPac M.I. StripPac Detergent formulation is not substantially different from any other commercially available wax stripper formulations, or for that matter any household wax strippers available in stores. The unique packaging of PortionPac materials in small unit dosed bags limits the amount of exposure of the concentrate to very small amounts. These can be cleaned up with paper toweling or plain mopping. These are in fact products for mopping. We know of no serious hazards associated with the proper use and handling of this product. As with any strong detergent and solvent formulation, good housekeeping procedures and care in following directions will insure proper use.

PortionPac Chemical Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of this information, except that such information is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate as of the date indicated.

> 24 HOUR EMERGENCY RESPONSE PHONE: 1-800-535-5053 MSDS 314 REVISED: 1/94

In Concentrate:

In Dilution:



